§ 1437.502

Republic of the Marshall Islands, the Federated States of Micronesia, and the Republic of Palau).

- (2) 2006 and subsequent crops means those crops in the ground on or after January 1, 2006.
- (3) Covered tropical crops means those crops and commodities in the tropical region governed by this subpart, those being all crops and commodities in the tropical region that are otherwise eligible for generating a benefit claim under this part, except for value-loss crops as defined elsewhere in this part.
- (c) The Deputy Administrator may adjust requirements for assistance so as to provide a fair transition from previous rules for crop covered by this subpart to those provisions which are provided for in this subpart.

§ 1437.502 Coverage periods and fees for covered tropical crops.

- (a) The crop year for all covered tropical crops is the calendar year (January 1 through December 31 beginning in 2006 through subsequent years).
- (b) The application closing date for all covered tropical crops is December 1 of the calendar year before the applicable crop year.
- (c) For covered tropical crops, per county per crop year, a maximum service fee of \$100.00 is required of the producer for coverage of:
- (1) With respect to annual and biennial crops, all plantings of the same crop planted during the crop year, as determined by CCC.
- (2) With respect to perennial crops, all acreage of the crop existing during the crop year, as determined by CCC.
- (d)(1) Multiple planting periods and final planting dates are not applicable for covered tropical crops. However, nothing in this section shall prohibit assigning different production expectations to different fields.
- (2) The coverage period for perennial and other crops covered by this subpart begins on January 1 of the relevant crop year and ends on December 31 of that year.

§1437.503 Covered losses and recordkeeping requirements for covered tropical crops.

(a) Prevented planting coverage is not available for covered tropical

crops, other than in Hawaii and Puerto Rico, except as approved by the Deputy Administrator in special cases.

- (b) Except in Hawaii and Puerto Rico, or as otherwise approved by the Deputy Administrator in individual cases, eligible causes of loss for covered tropical crops will only include hurricanes, typhoons, and named tropical storms.
- (c) Producers who have applied for coverage on covered tropical crops must maintain for the full coverage period contemporaneous records. Contemporaneous records are those created at the time of planting and harvesting of the crop for which the application for coverage is filed. In this regard:
- (1) Producers may be selected on a random or targeted basis for compliance review with this requirement and any other requirements that may apply to this program.
- (2) A failure to maintain acceptable contemporaneous records throughout the crop year may be treated by CCC as grounds of ineligibility for benefits under this part.

§ 1437.504 Notice of loss for covered tropical crops.

- (a) The provisions of §1437.10(c) regarding late filed notice of loss do not apply to covered tropical crops.
- (b) Where a notice of loss for covered tropical crops is provided according to §1437.10, producers must provide records maintained according to §1437.503(c) of the:
- (1) Number of acres or other basis of measurement, as applicable, of the crop from which production could be achieved existing on the day the eligible natural disaster occurred or, for prolonged natural disasters, such as a drought and similar damage where applicable, existing on the day the notice of loss is filed.
- (2) Amount, including zero, as applicable, of production harvested, before or after the disaster, from those crop plantings (damaged or undamaged) which were in existence on the farm at the time of the disaster including production from the covered plantings (in existence at the time of the loss event) that may occur after the loss event even when, to the extent provided for